

Appl. No. 10/034,462
Amdt. dated January 12, 2006
Reply to Office action of November 4, 2005

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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Cancelled).
2. (Cancelled).
3. (Currently amended) The system of claim 2, An integrated circuit fabricated on a chip, comprising:
an on-chip logic analyzer including timestamp logic; said timestamp logic includes a timestamp counter that generates a timestamp count value signal indicating the number of clock cycles since a previous store operation;
an on-chip memory capable of storing data selected by said on-chip logic analyzer;
wherein the data stored by said on-chip memory is combined with a timestamp field representing the number of cycles since the previous store operation; and
wherein the on-chip logic analyzer generates a store signal when data is to be stored in the memory, and wherein the timestamp counter receives the store signal and resets the timestamp count value.
4. (Original) The system of claim 3, wherein the on-chip logic analyzer comprises data selection logic that selects data to be stored, and which generates the store signal.
5. (Original) The system of claim 3, wherein the timestamp count value signal is encoded in n bits which is stored as the timestamp field together with the stored data, thereby storing one of x timestamp codes with the stored data, where $x = 2^n$.

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6. (Currently amended) The system of claim 5, wherein the number of valid timestamp count values y is less than the number of timestamp codes x . [[.]]
7. (Original) The system of claim 5, wherein the number of bits n used to encode the timestamp count value is 8 or less.
8. (Original) The system of claim 5, wherein the number of bits n used to encode the timestamp count value comprises less than 20% of the available bits in each memory entry.
9. (Original) The system of claim 5, wherein the number of bits n used to encode the timestamp count value comprises less than 15% of the available bits in each memory entry.
10. (Original) The system of claim 5, wherein the number of bits n used to encode the timestamp count value comprises less than 12.5% of the available bits in each memory entry.
11. (Original) The system of claim 5, wherein the timestamp counter forces a store operation when the timestamp count value reaches a predetermined value.
12. (Original) The system of claim 11, wherein the timestamp counter generates the store signal when the timestamp count value reaches the predetermined value, and wherein said timestamp counter is reset in response.
13. (Original) The system of claim 12, wherein a timestamp value greater than the predetermined value represents that the data stored is invalid.
14. (Original) The system of claim 3, wherein the timestamp logic further includes a multiplexer coupled to said memory, and wherein said multiplexer receives the timestamp count value signal at one input terminal, and selects the

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timestamp count value signal for storing in said memory in response to the assertion of a timestamp enable signal.

15. (Original) The system of claim 14, wherein the multiplexer receives additional data bits at a second input terminal, and wherein said multiplexer selects the additional data bits for storing in said memory if said timestamp enable signal is de-asserted.

16. (Original) A system for storing timestamp information together with selected data, comprising:

a memory device with multiple entries capable of storing a bit field of a predetermined length;

data selection logic that monitors data, and which selectively stores data to said memory;

a timestamp counter coupled to said memory for supplying a timestamp value which can be selectively stored with said data in said memory;

wherein said timestamp value represents the number of clock cycles that have been counted by said timestamp counter since the previous entry was stored in said memory, and wherein said timestamp counter forces a store operation if the timestamp value reaches a predetermined value.

17. (Original) The system of claim 16, further comprising a multiplexer coupled to said memory, and wherein said multiplexer receives the timestamp value at one input terminal, and selects the timestamp count value signal for storing in said memory in response to the assertion of a timestamp enable signal.

18. (Original) The system of claim 17, wherein the data is stored in a bits in a memory entry, and the timestamp value is stored in x bits in memory, and wherein the number of data bits a stored in memory is substantially greater than the number of timestamp value bits n stored in memory.

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19. (Original) The system of claim 17, wherein the multiplexer receives additional data bits of width n at a second input terminal, and wherein said multiplexer selects the additional data bits for storing in said memory if said timestamp enable signal is de-asserted.

20. (Original) The system of claim 19, wherein the timestamp counter comprises an n bit digital counter that is reset each time data is stored in said memory.

21. (Original) The system of claim 20, wherein the clock cycles occur at a frequency in excess of 1 GHz.

22. (Original) The system of claim 20, wherein the clock cycles occur at a frequency in excess of 800 MHz.

23. (Original) The system of claim 20, wherein the clock cycles occur at a frequency in excess of 600 MHz.

24. (Original) The system of claim 20, wherein the clock cycles occur at a frequency in excess of 400 MHz.

25. (Original) The system of claim 20, wherein the number of possible timestamp count values x , where $x = 2^n - 1$, is less than the number of cycles that may occur between store operations.

26. (Original) The system of claim 20, wherein the number of bits n used to encode the timestamp count value is 8 or less.

27. (Original) The system of claim 20, wherein the number of bits n used to encode the timestamp count value comprises less than 20% of the available bits in each memory entry.

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28. (Original) The system of claim 20, wherein the number of bits n used to encode the timestamp count value comprises less than 15% of the available bits in each memory entry.

29. (Original) The system of claim 20, wherein the number of bits n used to encode the timestamp count value comprises less than 12.5% of the available bits in each memory entry.

30. (Original) The system of claim 20, wherein the timestamp counter, data selection logic, and memory are provided as part of an integrated circuit.

31. (Original) A processor fabricated on a chip, comprising:
an on-chip logic analyzer including a timestamp counter;
an on-chip memory capable of storing data selected by said on-chip logic analyzer, said memory having a width of z bits;
wherein said timestamp counter counts the number of clock cycles since the previous data storage, and generates a timestamp count value of n bits, which can be selectively stored with said data in said memory, and wherein said timestamp counter is capable of forcing storage of data when the timestamp count value reaches a predetermined value.

32. (Original) The processor of claim 31, wherein the selective storage of the timestamp count value in the memory is controlled by a timestamp enable signal.

33. (Original) The processor of claim 31, wherein the memory stores the n bits representing the timestamp count value, together with y bits of stored data, when the timestamp enable signal is asserted, and wherein the number of bits y equals $z - n$.

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34. (Original) The processor of claim 33, wherein the memory stores w bits of data when the timestamp enable signal is not asserted, and wherein the number of bits w equals z .

35. (Original) The processor of claim 31, wherein the data that is stored when the timestamp counter reaches a value greater than the predetermined value is invalid.